



Material Safety Data Sheet Cover-Sheet – This page provides additional New Zealand specific information for this product and must be read in conjunction with the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) attached

Product Name: Peak™- ZM

Manufacturer: Ultradent

SDS Expiry: 3 August 2028

Supplier Details: Henry Schein New Zealand

243-249 Bush Road, Rosedale, Auckland, 0632 PO Box 101 140, North Shore, Auckland 0745

Ph. 0800 808 855

www.henryschein.co.nz

Emergency Contacts: Poisons/Hazardous Chemical Info Centre –

0800POISON/0800764766 (24 Hours) Phone 111 for Fire, Ambulance or Police

HSNO Class/Category: 3 / 6

HSNO Group Standard: Dental Products Flammable Group Standard 2020 HSR002556

Statements/Pictograms: As per attached Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Date Prepared: This coversheet was prepared – September 2023

This SDS coversheet has been produced by Henry Schein NZ and has been prepared in accordance with NZ EPA advice on making overseas SDS compliant to HSNO Act. The above information is based on the present state of our knowledge of the product at the time of publication. It is given in good faith, no warranty is implied with respect to the quality or the specifications of the product. Users must satisfy that the product is entirely suitable for their purpose. The SDS and this coversheet may be revised from time to time, please ensure you have a current copy.





Printing date 03.08.2023 Revision: 03.08.2023

### 1 Identification

- · Product identifier
- · Trade name: PeakTM- ZM
- · Article number: SDS 355-001.09R02, 1006644
- · Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Professional dental bonding agent
- · Application of the substance / the mixture Professional dental bonding agent
- · Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Ultradent Products, Inc.

505 W. Ultradent Drive (10200 S)

South Jordan, UT 84095-3942

USA

onlineordersupport@ultradent.com

Ultradent Australia Pty Ltd.

Level 22/2 Market Street

Sydney NSW 2000

Australia

Email: info.anz@ultradent.com Toll Free: 1-800-290929

- · Further information obtainable from: Customer Service
- · Emergency telephone number:

CHEMTREC (NORTH AMERICA) : (800) 424-9300 (INTERNATIONAL) : +(703) 527-3887

## 2 Hazard(s) Identification

· Classification of the substance or mixture



flame

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation – Category 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

- · Label elements
- · GHS label elements Void
- · Hazard pictograms GHS02, GHS07
- · Signal word Danger
- · Hazard-determining components of labelling:
- 2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate

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#### · Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

#### · Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read label before use.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

## 3 Composition and Information on Ingredients

- · Chemical characterisation: Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Dangerous components:		
64-17-5	Ethyl Alcohol	>60%
	🚸 Flam. Liq. 2, H225; 🕂 Serious eye damage/irritation – Category 2A, H319	
868-77-9	2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	≥1-<10%
	🕠 Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Serious eye damage/irritation — Category 2A, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317	
	MDP	<10%
	♦ Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Serious eye damage/irritation – Category 2A, H319; STOT SE 3, H335	

<sup>·</sup> Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

### 4 First Aid Measures

#### · General information:

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue and providing first aid. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area. Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

#### · After inhalation:

Seek medical treatment in case of complaints.

Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.

Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

#### · After skin contact:

*If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.* 

Launder clothing before reuse.

*Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.* 

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· After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

· After swallowing:

Do NOT induce vomiting.

If vomiting does occur, have victim lean forward to prevent aspiration.

Rinse mouth with water.

Seek medical treatment.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Information for doctor:

· Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms vary with alcohol level of the blood. Mild alcohol intoxication occurs at blood levels between 0.05-0.15%. Approximately 25% of individuals show signs of intoxication at these levels. Above 0.15% the person is definitely under the influence of ethanol; 50-95% of individuals are clinically intoxicated at these levels. Severe poisoning occurs when the blood is ethanol level is 0.3-0.5%. Above 0.5% the individual will be comatose and death can occur. The unabsorbed ethanol should be removed by gastric lavage after intubating the patient to prevent aspiration. Avoid the use of depressant drugs or the excessive administration of fluids.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

### 5 Fire Fighting Measures

· Suitable extinguishing agents:

Water fog

Alcohol resistant foam

Water spray

Carbon dioxide

Dry Chemical

- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- · Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon monoxide (CO)

May produce a floating fire hazard.

Static ignition hazard can result from handling and use.

Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Vapors may settle in low or confined spaces.

Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame which may be extremely hard to see under normal lighting conditions. Personnel may only be able to feel the heat of the fire without seeing flames. Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

· Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

· Additional information Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

### 6 Accidental Release Measures

· Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Do not inhale vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

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## Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations

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· Environmental precautions:

Stop leak. Contain spill if possible and safe to do so.

Do not allow to enter sewers/surface or ground water.

· Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Highly flammable liquid. Eliminate all sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling this product must be grounded. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations. *Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.* 

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

## 7 Handling and Storage

- · Handling:
- Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

Do not inhale vapor or mist.

Open and handle container with care.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

- Storage:
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Metal containers involved in the transfer of this material should be grounded and bonded.

Store in a cool location.

- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from flammable substances.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Consult local fire codes for additional storage information.

See product labelling.

Keep container tightly sealed.

Store in cool, dry conditions in well - sealed receptacles.

· Specific end use(s) Professional Dental Bonding Agent

### 8 Exposure controls and personal protection

- · Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.
- · Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

64-17-5 Ethyl Alcohol

WES Long-term value: 1880 mg/m³, 1000 ppm

· Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

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#### · Personal protective equipment:

#### · General protective and hygienic measures:

Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Ensure that washing facilities are available at the work place.

*Electrical equipment should be grounded and confirm to applicable electrical code.* 

When using do not smoke.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

#### · Respiratory protection:

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

#### · Protection of hands:

Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product.

Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.



#### Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

#### Material of gloves

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### · Penetration time of glove material

The exact breakthrough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

#### · Eve protection:

Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

Use equipment approved by appropriate government standards, such as NIOSH (US) or EN166 (EU) Face protection

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible.



Tightly sealed goggles

#### Body protection:

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

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## 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

· General Information

· Appearance:

Form: Liquid
Colour: Clear
Odour: Alcohol-like
Odour threshold: Not determined.

• pH-value: Not applicable (non-aqueous)

· Change in condition

• Melting point/freezing point: Undetermined. • Initial boiling point and boiling range: Undetermined.

· Flash point: 13 °C

• Flammability (solid, gas): Highly flammable.
• Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

· Auto-ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting.

Explosive properties: Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour

mixtures are possible.

· Explosion limits:

Lower: Not determined.
 Upper: Not determined.
 Vapour pressure: Not determined.
 Density at 20 °C: 0.8 g/cm³
 Relative density Not determined.
 Vapour density Not determined.
 Evaporation rate Not determined.

· Solubility in / Miscibility with

water: Not miscible or difficult to mix.

· Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not determined.

· Viscosity:

• Dynamic: Not determined. • Kinematic: Not determined.

• Other information No further relevant information available.

## 10 Stability and Reactivity

- · Reactivity Stable
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · Possibility of hazardous reactions: Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
- · Conditions to avoid:

Direct sunlight

Extreme temperature

Flames Sparks Heat

· Incompatible materials:

Alkali metals

Strong Inorganic Acids

Peroxides

Oxidizing Agents

Ammonia

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· Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

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### 11 Toxicological Information

- · Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

64-17-5 Ethyl Alcohol			
Oral	LD50	5,600 mg/kg (Guinea pig)	
		3,400 mg/kg (mouse)	
		7,060 mg/kg (rat)	
	LC50 Fish	>10,000 mg/l (Fish)	
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	39 mg/l (mouse)	
		20,000 mg/l (rat)	
868-77-9 2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate			
Oral	LD50	3,275 mg/kg (mouse)	
		>5,000 mg/kg (rat)	
	LC50 Fish	>100 mg/l (Fish)	
Dermal	LD50	>3,000 mg/kg (rabbit)	
	LC50(Daphnia magna)	24.1 mg/l (daphnia)	

- · Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.
- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.
- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## 12 Ecological Information

· Toxicity

2 omeny	1 omeny		
· Aquatic toxicity:			
64-17-5 Ethyl	Alcohol		
Algae Toxicity	1,000 mg/l (Algae)		
868-77-9 2-Ну	868-77-9 2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate		
EC50	345 mg/kg (Algae)		

- · Persistence and degradability Biodegradation is expected.
- · Behaviour in environmental systems:
- · Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

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- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

## 13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with international, federal, state, and local regulations.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Transport information	
UN-Number	
ADG, IMDG, IATA	UN1987
UN proper shipping name	
$AD\hat{G}$	1987 ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (Ethyl Alcohol)
IMDG, IATA	ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (Ethyl Alcohol)
Transport hazard class(es)	
ADG, IMDG, IATA	
Class	2 Elammahla liquida
Cuss Label	3 Flammable liquids.
Packing group	П
ADG, IMDG, IATA	II
Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Warning: Flammable liquids.
Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	33
EMS Number:	F- $E$ , $S$ - $D$
Stowage Category	B
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Mar	pol
and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
4DG	
Limited quantities (LQ)	IL
Excepted quantities $(\widetilde{EQ})$	Code: E2
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
Transport category	2
Tunnel restriction code	D/E

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· IMDG
· Limited quantities (LQ)
· Excepted quantities (EQ)

Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml

· UN "Model Regulation":

UN 1987 ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (ETHYL ALCOHOL), 3, II

### 15 Regulatory information

· Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
· Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals				
64-17-5	Ethyl Alcohol			
	2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate			
10287-53-3	Ethyl-4-Dimethylamino Benzoate			
10373-78-1	Camphorquinone			
· Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons				
868-77-9 2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate S5				
· Australia: Priority Existing Chemicals				
None of the ingredients is listed.				

- Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5,000 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 50,000 t
- · Chemical safety assessment:

Device is biocompatible when used as directed by dental professionals per ISO 10993-1

## 16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

#### · Relevant phrases from Section 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

- · Department issuing SDS: Environmental, Health, and Safety
- · Contact: Customer Service
- · Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

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PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2
Serious eye damage/irritation – Category 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2A: Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1
STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

\* Data compared to the previous version altered.